

## THE GAZETTE.

MONDAY JUNE 10.

### TO-DAY'S ANNIVERSARIES.

Born: Bishop Simpson, 1810.  
James Short, 1710.

Died: Thomas Borne (antiquary), 1755.

Dutch landed in New York, 1667.  
First night in America, 1652.

First Oxford-Cambridge boat race, Oxford winner, 1829.

### THE LOSSES AT JOHNSTOWN.

Later reports, made after some very careful reckoning, will reduce the loss of life at Johnstown from 12,000 or 15,000 to less than 5,000, and it is probable that the death toll will not be greater than 3,500 or 4,000. Several days ago it was reported that nearly 2,500 bodies had been recovered, while the correct list up to Saturday placed the number recovered at 1,500.

The Pittsburgh Commercial Gazette, which has kept a corps of competent men on duty about the scene of the disaster, has been careful and diligent in its work of gathering facts and statistics concerning the losses, showing that the entire population of the settlements in or close to the track of the flood was 26,900. It then says: "There were but few less between Johnstown and the lake. The most of the loss centered in Johnstown and the four settlements clustered around it, and the populated portion of this area comprised the flood emanated to about 15,000. Concerning the registration and those known to have gone away with this number it is clear that all talk about a loss of 15,000 or 10,000 or even 8,000 lives is exaggeration. It is more likely the real loss will fall under 5,000 than over, and possibly may be reduced to the vicinity of 3,000. In like manner the property loss has been overstated. Instead of the walk talk of fifty or seventy-five millions probably fifteen millions will come much nearer the truth. Of this considerable portion falls upon the great iron, steel, and railroad corporations, which do not need any help."

The generous heart of the American people has even more than met the emergency as touching Johnstown. Up to Saturday it was estimated that over a million and a half dollars had been subscribed for the Johnstown relief fund—and three cities had raised over half this amount—New York, Philadelphia and Chicago. Provisions and clothing are being furnished the sufferers; and already much fault is found in regard to the distribution of the supplies. Confusion will naturally follow the handling of so much money and such an immense quantity of supplies, and it is no wonder that in this confusion mistakes are made that in a measure prevent the use thereof. Governor Beaver should see that none but thoroughly competent and strictly honest men are put in charge of the money and the supplies.

### A WELL SUPPLIED CASH-BOX.

Secretary of State Timme has made the following report concerning the balances belonging to the several funds in the state treasury, on the 31st of May, 1889:

General fund.....	\$1,000,000
School fund.....	100,000
School fund income.....	10,000
University fund.....	41,300
University fund income.....	4,300
Agricultural college fund.....	2,100
Agricultural college fund income.....	2,100
Normal school fund.....	10,100
Normal school fund income.....	4,200
Drainage fund.....	2,100
Drainage fund income.....	2,100
Delinquent tax fund.....	7,500
Deposit fund.....	10,000
St. Croix & Lake Shore Railroad company treasury fund.....	2,000
St. Croix & Lake Shore Railroad company deposit.....	400
Reclamation fund.....	60
Wisconsin Railroad & Farm Mortgage Land company fund.....	4,500
Manufacture and Calumet swap land fund.....	200
Identity fund.....	1,200
Allotment.....	900

Total amount in state treasury, \$1,512,900.73

The Journal makes a note to the effect that "the reason for the large amount in the general fund is that the mill-tax collected for school purposes is yet in the treasury and has not as yet been apportioned to the various counties. When the apportionments for school purposes have been made and the other usual educational appropriations paid there will be left in the general fund about \$150,000."

### IN VIEW OF THIS EXCELLENT CONDITION OF THE TREASURY, IT MAY BE WELL TO ASK A CERTAIN CLASS OF DEMOCRATIC PAPERS TO EXPLAIN THEIR MOTIVE IN REPEATING THE FALSEHOOD THAT THE STATE TREASURY IS PRACTICALLY BANKRUPT, AND THAT THE STATE IS FORCED TO RUN IN DEBT IN PROVIDING FOR THE CURRENT EXPENSES OF THE STATE INSTITUTIONS. TO ATTEMPT, THROUGH THE PUBLIC PRINTS, TO ROB A MAN OF HIS GOOD CHARACTER OR ROB HIM OF HIS BUSINESS, IS NOT; THEN WHY ATTEMPT TO LIBEL THE STATE SIMPLY FOR PARTISAN REASONS? ARE THESE DEMOCRATIC PAPERS WILLING TO STAND BEFORE THE PUBLIC AS VILLAINES AND FALSIFIERS FOR NO OTHER REASON THAN THAT THEY HOPE THEREBY TO PREJUDICE THE PEOPLE AGAINST THE PRESENT ADMINISTRATION? HOW WILL THAT KIND OF JOURNALISM AND POLITICS fare when another campaign reaches us? This question will be answered then in a way that will not be very profitable to the democratic managers.

### AS AN INVESTMENT, WHETHER IN POLITICS OR IN BUSINESS, FAIRNESS DRAWS THE LARGEST DIVIDENDS.

### POOR OLD EARLY!

Sheridan—who was thought by Grant to be the greatest and most original of living soldiers—is dead. Old Jubal Early continues to illustrate "the survival of the unfittest" and the living Ass. The lion being dead, the ass lays more loudly than ever, on the very ground made sacred by Sheridan's splendid Winchester victory, that was snatched out of the jaws of defeat.—New York Mail and Express.

This paragraph grows out of some remarks by Jubal Early, at Winchester, on decoration day, called, "sophomoric rot of

trason." While the old confederate did not shed a flood of tears over the wreck of the lost cause as Jeff Davis and General C. R. Jackson did in Georgia, a year ago, he showed considerable regret over the blighting of his hopes in 1865. He claimed the cause of the south was right, and because it was lost it was not proved that it was wrong. The old general, surrounded by his former associates in rebellion against the government, and standing on the ground where he was soundly thrashed by General Sheridan, lost what little good sense and propriety he ever had, and delivered himself of this paragraph:

As I have said on a former occasion: If ever I repented, I do now apologize for the cause for which Lee fought and Jackson died, may the lightning of heaven blast me, and the scorn of all good women and true men be my portion. And again I say that the confederate who has deserted since the war is infinitely worse than one who deserted during the war, for the former has gone over to the enemy at no personal risk to himself, and as to whom it should be, and not that such men as Myron H. McCord should pick out the representatives for them. The statement made by friends of Governor Board that Gilbert is a democrat is done by a citizen of Wisconsin, both democrats and republicans.—Milwaukee Journal.

That is a very singular paragraph, especially as it comes from a democratic paper. The fact is this, if the Milwaukee Journal wishes to know it, there cannot be found in all the state a more staunch democrat than Mr. Gilbert. Ever since he has been able to vote he has voted the democratic ticket. He is one of the best representatives of the young and progressive democrats of Wisconsin, and what more does the Journal demand in the new member of the board so far as politics is concerned? The democratic politics of the Wisconsin Pilot and Review is just as radical as that of the Milwaukee Journal, and the paper thus speaks of Mr. Gilbert's ability, character and politics in this praiseworthy fashion:

The state board of supervision is composed of five members, who have entire control of all the charitable, reformatory and penal institutions that are supported from the public treasury. The members of this board should be men of high personal character, absolute integrity and good business qualifications. Mr. Gilbert possesses all these qualifications and is, moreover, an excellent accountant, which will add materially to his usefulness in the position to which he has been chosen. His appointment was made mainly through the efforts of the Hon. M. P. Beebe, our efficient member of the assembly, assisted by such able and sterling democrats as the Hon. W. C. Silverthorn, Neal Brown, C. W. Cate, Myron Reed, James Reilly, C. E. McInnis, D. E. Westcott, Levi Martin and others of the Ninth congressional district, the Hon. John L. Mitchell, of Milwaukee, Wm. S. Greene, of Ft. Atkinson, A. L. Smith, of Appleton, and others. It is an appointment that will be accepted as a compliment to the Ninth district democracy, as it was intended to be. The governor, the state and the democracy of this part of the state are to be congratulated upon this appointment, and the review of the board to put the election on record, let us now say that Mr. Gilbert will prove to be one of the most efficient and useful members of that board.

It will now be in order for the Journal to revise its criticism regarding Mr. Gilbert. Looking at the field and at the question, the great man who led us to victory in 1864 appears to be the man who can lead us to victory in 1892.—Mobile Register.

### BUT LOOKING AT THE FIELD AND AT THE QUESTION, THE GREAT MAN WHO LED US TO VICTORY IN 1864 APPEARS TO BE THE MAN WHO CAN LEAD US TO VICTORY IN 1892.

But looking at the field and at the question from later and more striking experience, the great man who led the democrats to defeat in 1888, appears to be the man who will lead them to defeat in 1892.

The total Indian population is less than 20,000. Of these 21,292 live in houses and 9,612 families are engaged in agriculture. And among these so-called savages we find 28,063 church members. Speaking of Indians, it is claimed that the Menomonee reservation in this state, is bought, the Indians will receive from \$15,000 to \$20,000 each.

Speaking of the agencies with which human life is destroyed, the remark is made that "it took three days of hard fighting at Gettysburg to kill as many people as the flood killed in Pennsylvania in a few minutes."

The destruction of property by fire at Seattle is far greater than that by the Onemah valley flood.

There is still hope that summer may appear some time during the present year.

It is claimed that Blind Tom went down into the floods at Johnstown.

A box of Ayer's Pills has saved many a fit of sickness. When a remedy does not happen to be within reach, people are liable to neglect slight ailments, and, of course, if serious illness follows they have to suffer the consequences. "A stitch in time saves nine."

Beecher's Pills cure bilious and nervous ailments.

### THE HEALTH OF THE VALLEY EXCELLENT AND FEARS OF AN EPIDEMIC DIMINISHING—Religious Services.

### STILL WORKING ON THE MASS OF DEBRIS.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., June 10.—To-day is the latest since the disaster in the Onemah valley occurred, and the extent of the fatality can be appreciated when it is known that bodies are still being found wherever men are at work. To-day fifty-eight bodies were taken out. The ones that are now being removed from the drift are far advanced in decomposition, and physicians in charge are advocating their cremation as fast as found, as it is almost impossible to handle them safely.

Many of the bodies recovered to-day were identified but not claimed. Forty of them were buried immediately, and undertakers say that all bodies will hereafter be buried as soon as found. Among the recovered was Charles Kimple, an undertaker of this city. He has a wallet in his pocket containing \$3,600. The body of another undertaker, John Henderson, of Henderson & Alexander, was also recovered. The body of a man named Schick, one of the best known traveling men in the country, was found in the ruins of the Hulbert house. He was in the employ of the Reading store company. Jesse Orr, the president of the company, was immediately notified.

The work of clearing away the debris is progressing very encouragingly. The workmen were not required to proceed Sunday, but nine-tenths of them volunteered to continue. As a result a large amount was done on the drift in the central portion of the city. Main street, which was the principal thoroughfare and one of the worst blocked, is now about cleared. At the wreckage above the stone bridge the work is going on rather slowly.

Religious services were held at various points Sunday. Most of the suburban towns where the church buildings remained had regular services. In Johnstown open-air meetings were held at different points. Chaplain L. A. Maguire of the 14th regiment held a regimental service in the morning and spoke at an open-air meeting in the afternoon.

This has been the hottest day since the disaster and the weather is telling on the workmen. With the fires that are constantly kept going burning up the rubbish and the hot sun many of them were exhausted before evening. The hot sun beating down on the wreckage above the bridge has developed the fact that many bodies of animals and human beings are yet in the ruins. The stench arising from this pile has been more offensive to-day than at any time yet, although at no time has it been so bad as reported.

The two large hospitals here—the Cambria and the Bedford—have but little to do now, but the large corps of physicians is kept very busy. At the Cambria hospital sixteen persons injured by the flood were cared for, but two died—Miss Maggie Hughes and Mrs. Willower. Since the flood over 500 persons have received the attention of the physicians at this institution. Several women who nursed some of the injured became ill and one of them may not recover. At the Bedford hospital 300 injured persons were cared for, and when they could be removed in safety were taken to Pittsburgh hospitals. Only three patients were brought to the hospital to-day. They received slight injuries while at work clearing away the debris. Over six hundred persons were furnished medicine and attention by the physicians in charge of the hospitals. The tent hospitals have been practically abandoned, as none of them have had a case for several days.

The health of the valley is unusually good, notwithstanding reports of threatened epidemic. The following health bulletin has been issued by the State Board of Health and speaks for itself:

"The general condition of health in Johnstown and vicinity is excellent. No epidemic disease of any kind prevails nor is it expected that any will arise. The whole region has been divided into convenient districts and each placed under a competent sanitarian. The state board of health is prepared to meet all emergencies as they arise. The air is wholesome and the water generally pure. If the good people of the devastated district will go on as they have so nobly done for the last week in their efforts to clean up the wreckage good health will certainly be maintained."

GEORGE G. GORFF.

Dr. Gorff has made a careful inspection of the drift in the river at the stone bridge, and reports that there is no probability of any contamination of the water supply of the towns below from this source. He says the number of bodies in the river is small, and that the water is being swept so clean by the great floods that the river water is now purer than before the disaster. There is a difference in the opinion of the sanitarians as to the danger of the water supply of the devastated district. That from bodies of contagious disease would be far more dangerous than that from bodies of healthy persons. At this time, however, the river is generally covered with from one to six feet of mud and sand. This earthy matter absorbs all effluvia and acts as the best of disinfectants. There is no present danger to the water supply of Pittsburgh from Johnstown. The only present danger is from people being frightened into sickness by sensational reports.

Several cases of vandalism and robbery are reported. Last night a number of cars containing supplies were broken into and the contents carried off. The masonic lodge was also entered and robbed. Twelve men were arrested for stealing to-day, but they were released upon returning the goods. The military guards in Canby City were kept busy last night arresting thieves. They were placed in the guard house and this morning driven out of town with a warning that if they were caught again they would be summarily dealt with. Many people are imposing on the relief committee and in several instances men have succeeded in getting enough supplies to last them several months. One man was found this afternoon who had nine sacks of flour in his cellar, besides a large stock of provisions and clothing which he had secured from the committee by misrepresentation.

This afternoon Private William Young of Company C, Fourteenth regiment, N. O. P., committed suicide in his tent by shooting himself in the head with a rifle ball. He was a farm laborer and a resident of Tom's Run, near Mansfield, Pa. He had been sick for several days, but nothing in his manner indicated that he contemplated taking his life. He was 29 years of age and leaves a wife and two children.

### GOV. BEAVER'S PLAN.

The State Will Pay for Clearing the Wreck—Funds to Go to the Sufferers. JOHNSTOWN, Pa., June 10.—There was an important meeting here Sunday, at which were present Gov. Beaver, Co.

Sherman, Messrs. William McCord, S. R. Marvin, R. E. Gourley, W. F. McCoy, Capt. W. R. Jones, Adj. Gen. Hastings, Reuben Miller, and Sheriff McCandless. After a general discussion of the situation Mr. McCord, chairman of the relief committee, said he thought it was time the relief committee were relieved of the work of clearing away the debris by the state. The governor said that the necessary money could be raised; that there were 200 men who would be come responsible for \$5,000 each; that he would give his horse to the State Treasurer for \$10,000, with those 200 men as bondsmen, and the State

Treasurer would then pay out the \$5,000,000 for the necessary work. When the Legislature met the money withdrawn from the treasury could be appropriated. He said that the money already subscribed could be used entirely for the relief of the sufferers and the money from the State Treasurer be used for restoring the vicinity to its condition before the flood. All debts already contracted for the removal of the debris should be paid, but all money paid out for this purpose from the relief fund should be refunded, so that every cent subscribed for the relief of the stricken people shall be used for that purpose alone.

The Governor has \$250,000 in his hands now for the relief fund. A committee of seven well-known men of the State will be appointed to distribute the relief fund, and the present relief committee is to continue the work of relief till the commission is appointed. After the commission has been appointed the future operations of the Pittsburgh relief committee rest with it.

In an interview Gov. Beaver said that he had been over the entire flooded district and found the supply depicts all well filled, but they must soon be replenished. I found the streams filled with debris and accumulated drift, and there is a possibility of human bodies being imbedded, with a probability, if allowed to remain, that they will endanger public health, leaving it more difficult to find the bodies of the State must be exercised to restore things to their normal condition.

"The funds which have come into my hands in such large amounts and from so many quarters outside of the State, and which have been imposed upon me as a trust, will be expended wholly and absolutely for the relief of individual sufferers. No part of it will be expended in the work which is legitimately the domain of the State under the police powers. This I wish to emphasize, so that all contributors to the fund may feel assured that their money will be judiciously expended for the benefit of suffering humanity, and not to the work which is properly undertaken by the State or municipal authorities."

The work of registration of the survivors of the flood is going steadily on. There are about 21,000 registered and the list is still increasing.

### CONDITION OF GRAIN CROPS.

The Prospect for Wheat, Corn, and Oats in the Western States.

CHICAGO, June 10.—The following crop report will appear in this week's issue of the Farmers' Review:

The latest reports from our crop correspondents show no improvement in the condition of our crops. Kansas maintains the high average of two weeks ago and Ohio and Kentucky a correspondingly low one, the condition of these States remaining about the same from week to week. In Illinois and Minnesota there has been a slight decline and in Indiana a falling off of about 10 per cent. The condition of spring wheat is comparatively unchanged in Nebraska, Iowa and Minnesota, but has improved in Dakota about 5 per cent. The condition of the oat crop has improved slightly in Iowa and Minnesota, and considerably in Indiana. In Illinois it has declined a few points, while in Ohio, Michigan, Minnesota, and Dakota it averages about 8 per cent lower. In other States it is practically unchanged.

Corn promises well in Kansas, Kentucky, Iowa, Missouri, Nebraska, and Dakota, particularly in the three States last named. For Ohio, Wisconsin, and Minnesota the averages are low, owing to hard frosts. Nearly all the counties in Wisconsin report damages from this cause, while one-half of our Minnesota correspondents and one-fourth of those in Ohio and similar reports. Iowa and Michigan have experienced slight frosts in several counties, as have a few counties in other States, but no serious damage to corn has resulted therefrom. We summarize the reports of our correspondents as follows, giving the per cent of condition of grain crops:

	Wheat	Corn	Oats
Illinois.....	91	92	80
Indiana.....	82	90	82
Kentucky.....	88	88	73
Missouri.....	100	101	92
Kansas.....	111	98	100
Nebraska.....	99	102	99
Iowa.....	100	85	100
Michigan.....	91	85	93
Wisconsin.....	95	91	99
Minnesota.....	91	77	85
Dakota.....	100	102	86

### LOST IN THE PACIFIC.

The Ship Altmore Wrecked, Part of the cargo was saved. SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., June 10.—Mail advices from Auckland give particulars of the loss of the steel ship Altmore, bound from Sydney to San Francisco. The ship struck a rock off the coast of New Zealand on the night of April 22. The boat's crew attempted to make a landing on the shore, but were prevented by the natives. The next day the second ship, with several passengers, including a woman and four children, and six of the crew, left in the ship's lifeboat and cutter for the island of Suva, 100 miles distant. As they had not reached that point up to the latest advices it is feared they were drowned. The captain and the remainder of the crew were starting for Suva when they were sighted by a schooner and taken on board with the exception of R. B. Turnbull, chief officer of the Altmore, who was drowned.

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A fine line of Envelopes for WORTH 50 CTS.

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A GOOD PAPER OF PINS FOR 1c.

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### Notice to Contractors.

Sealed proposals will be received until 10 o'clock a. m., Tuesday, June 10th, for the building of a gate bridge across Rock River, between the towns of Rock and Beloit, Rock county, Wisconsin. All parties competing for the work will be required to furnish a good and sufficient bond for the full amount of the bid, conditioned that if the contractor is awarded to him or them, they will enter into the contract within the time specified by the time agreed upon when the contract is signed. The committee reserves the right to reject any or all bids and to specify conditions to be seen at the office of SHOPPELL & NORRIS, in the city of Janesville.

BY ORDER OF COMMITTEE.

## J.M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

### EMBROIDERIES.

Some idea of the extent of our stock can be had from the fact that we show a line as large as all the rest of the stocks in the city combined. We never make a statement we can not verify. We have the goods to show you and can please you if you give us half a chance.

### Beautiful things in Lace Flouncers and Lace Allovers.

### Silk Umbrellas—immense line at our ANNEX.

### Quintillion C Black Silk Warp Henriettas.

## LOWELL

Hardware Hustler, having supplied nearly every owner of a lawn in the city with a mower so slick and so nice cannot rest on the laurels, now makes the timely hit that none but the people every day on account of reflections I'm able to make from all former prices.

### SCREEN - DOORS - AND - WINDOWS !

That he is selling will keep them entering the house to your satisfaction—because he does not ask you a price for these goods that you can not afford to pay. Doors, 95c; Windows, 25c; Large sales permit me to make these prices. My plan of moving goods quickly is troubling the old routers; but I shall continue to do so as long as the public demonstrates to me their appreciation of a straight deal at largely reduced prices—that they have never had in the past.

Never has there been a larger or more complete line of "Buildings" Hardware in this city than is on my shelves at the present time. If you are building, or thing of doing so, come and see me, examine goods, get prices and be prepared to stand the surprise that I'm giving people every day on account of reflections I'm able to make from all former prices.

Fin and Copperware Repairing of every sort done quickly and nicely. Table and Pocket Cutlery; also Razors at bankrupt prices—quality unsurpassed. Make me a visit and convince yourself that I am alive and putting forth every effort to save my customers money on every article in the Hardware line.

### GLASSWARE.

The Largest Stock and Best Variety in the City at the Price.

### Stationery.

A fine line of Envelopes for WORTH 50 CTS.

### Pins.

A GOOD PAPER OF PINS FOR 1c.

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BY ORDER OF COMMITTEE.

## LOTS FOR SALE!

### 13 Main Street.

Commencing this morning and continuing for all next week, we shall offer Lots at the above location at prices that will convulse Janesville from center to circumference. Everybody, be they man, woman or child, should invest in one of the Lots herein described. If they are not exactly as represented, or not pronounced

## GENUINE BARGAINS!

We will cheerfully refund the amount invested

Read Carefully of what the 15 Lots we have for sale consist of.

LOT I. 500 Bottles of Shoe Dressing; same sold all over for 25 cents. If you come while they last you can have them for 2c a bottle.

LOT II. 287 pairs of Ladies' Serge Slippers, same as you are accustomed to pay 60c for, we will sell you for 22c a pair.

LOT III. 678 pairs Infants' fine kid hand sewed button Shoes, sizes 1 to 5's; and which your shoemen want 50c a pair for, we sell you what you want of them at 15c a pair.

LOT IV. Consists of 187 pairs of Ladies solid calf Sewed lace Shoes, which have been sold for \$2 a pair. You can have them for 75c, sizes run from 2 1-2 to 7's.

LOT V. 97 pairs of Child's kid and dongola solar tipped button Shoes, worth 75c a pair, to-day you can have them for 30 cents a pair.

LOT VI. 283 pairs of Misses solid grain button Shoes, with or without tips. They would be cheap for \$1 75. Scoop 'em in for 87 cents a pair.

LOT VII. 58 pairs of Ladies' fine kid walking Shoes, button or ties, well worth \$1 50, but we are selling them for 66 cents a pair.

LOT VIII. 196 pairs of Boys solid real calf, lace or buckle Shoes, we're handing them out fast at 90c. You can get as good a Shoe any where for \$1 75. Come and see them.

LOT IX. Is 387 pairs of Men's alligator and embroidered opera Slippers. They are really worth from 1 50 to \$2 00 a pair. Your choice for 67c. Don't miss this snap.

LOT X. In this we have 295 pairs of Ladies' fine pebble goat "worked hole" button shoes, sizes slightly broken, but good; we must sell every pair of them quick for 90c. Your shoe dealer wants \$2 25 for the same. You must not miss this snap!







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of real estate, negotiates, collects, and

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THOR. JUDD,

DENTIST.

OFFICE—Ct. Milwaukee and Franklin Sts.

RESIDENCE—Corner South Jackson and

Chubb Streets. apdly

ANGIE J. KING

ATTORNEY &amp; COUNSELOR AT LAW

No. 18 West Milwaukee St. Next door west of

## S. JACOBS OIL

Chronic Neuralgia.

Permanent Cures.

June 11, 1887.

Suffered a long time with neuralgia in the

face, and was cured by S. Jacobs Oil. It

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